

Huawei switch fiber optic port cannot be pinged

To prevent this problem, do not specify the -f parameter in the ping command or increase the MTU value of the interface. To learn about the ping command syntax, see Ping Command Format.

If the transmit power remains low, replace the optical module or install it in another optical port to check whether it is faulty. If the optical module is faulty, send it to Huawei for repair or ...

Problem: All optical ports cannot be connected, and the indicator lights are not on. Solution: To solve this problem, you can follow these steps: Check if the fiber and optical modules ...

Receiving power too low (If Current RX Power < Default RX Power Low Threshold): May cause port down or packet loss, check whether distance is too far that is over the limit of the module ...

As soon as the port speed is changed, the name of the ports change from 100GE to 40GE. The QSFP28 cables, which was accepted in the 100GE modus, wasn't be recognized.

Case Study: An Access Switch Cannot Ping the Gateway When the Uplink and Downlink Interfaces of the Aggregation Switch Are Bundled into Eth-Trunks Respectively Translation

The following uses the Mduletek SFP-10G-LR module connected to a Huawei S6700 switch as an example to introduce how to read information of the connected optical module on a Huawei switch.

If the remote end can successfully ping the switch but the switch cannot ping the remote end, check whether the ping function is disabled on the remote end (for example, ping is prohibited ...

If your Huawei CloudEngine links flap after an optic swap, the root cause is usually not "bad fiber," but transceiver compatibility details like DOM signaling, transceiver vendor profile, and ...

The possible cause is that the route to 2.1.1.1 is not configured on DeviceA or is incorrectly configured. Run the telnet 2.1.1.2 command on DeviceC to log in to DeviceB, and run the telnet ...



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